



ANIMAL SCIENCE

The 2012 Spring PowWow

Official Merit Badge Worksheet

Scout's Name

Instructor's Name

Scout's Address

City

State

ZIP

Instructions

- 1) The Scout is to review the merit badge book before the first week of the PowWow.
- 2) Bring this worksheet, paper, and pen or pencil each week.
- 3) **Bring a Merit Badge blue card with you on the second week.**

Requirement Instructions*

- 1) Requirement 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5 should be completed during the two sessions of PowWow.
- 2) Requirement 6 must be completed as **homework** in the time between the two sessions of PowWow.

*** Due to possible time constraints at the PowWow, certain requirements that were originally planned to be completed in class may need to be completed as homework. Please LISTEN to ALL INSTRUCTIONS in class to be aware of any changes.**

Requirement 1

Initial

Name four breeds of livestock in each of the following classifications. For each breed, tell their principal use and merits. Tell where the breed originated.

HORSES

Breed: _____ Origin: _____

Merits: _____

Principal Uses: _____

Breed: _____ Origin: _____

Merits: _____

Principal Uses: _____

Breed: _____ Origin: _____

Merits: _____

Principal Uses: _____

Breed: _____ Origin: _____

Merits: _____

Principal Uses: _____

DAIRY CATTLE

Breed: _____ Origin: _____

Merits: _____

Principal Uses: _____

Breed: _____ Origin: _____

Merits: _____

Principal Uses: _____

Breed: Origin:
Merits:
Principal Uses:

Breed: Origin:
Merits:
Principal Uses:

BEEF CATTLE

Breed: Origin:
Merits:
Principal Uses:

Breed: Origin:
Merits:
Principal Uses:

Breed: Origin:
Merits:
Principal Uses:

Breed: Origin:
Merits:
Principal Uses:

SHEEP

Breed: Origin:
Merits:
Principal Uses:

Breed: Origin:
Merits:
Principal Uses:

Breed: Origin:
Merits:
Principal Uses:

Breed: Origin:
Merits:
Principal Uses:

HOGS

Breed: Origin:
Merits:
Principal Uses:

Breed: Origin:
Merits:
Principal Uses:

Breed: Origin:
Merits:
Principal Uses:

Breed:

Origin:

Merits:

Principal Uses:

Requirement 2

Initial

List five diseases in each of the classifications in requirement 1. Also list five diseases of poultry. Describe the symptoms of each disease and explain how each is contracted and how it could be prevented. Use the charts at the end of this worksheet.

Requirement 3

Initial

Explain the major differences in the digestive systems of ruminants, horses, pigs, and poultry.

Explain how the differences in structure and function among these four types of digestive tracts affect the nutritional management of these species.

Requirement 4

Initial

Select one type of animal – beef cow, dairy cow, horse, sheep, goat, or hog, or a poultry flock – and tell how you would properly manage it. Include in your discussion nutritional (feeding) concerns, housing, disease prevention, waste control/removal, and breeding programs if appropriate.

Animal Chosen:

Feeding concerns:

Housing:

Disease prevention:

Waste control/removal:

Breeding programs:

Requirement 5

Initial

Explain the importance of setting clear goals for any animal breeding program. Tell how purebred lines of animals are produced. Explain the practice of crossbreeding and the value of this practice.

Requirement 6

Initial

Complete ONE of the following options:

Beef Cattle Option:

Visit a farm or a ranch where beef cattle are produced under any of these systems:

- * Feeding market cattle for harvest.
- * Cow/calf operation, producing feeder cattle for sale to commercial cattle feeders.
- * Producing purebred cattle for sale as breeding stock to others.

Talk to the operator. Tell (on another piece of paper) how the cattle were handled, fed, weighed, and shipped. If you cannot visit a cattle ranch or farm, view a video from a breed association, or research the Internet (with your parent's permission) for information on beef cattle production. Tell about your findings.

Use another piece of paper to sketch a plan of a feedlot, forage and grain storage facilities, and loading chute for 30 or more fattening steers, or sketch a corral plan with cutting and loading chutes for handling 50 or more beef cows and their calves at one time.

Submit a sketch showing the principal wholesale and retail cuts of beef. Tell about the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) dual grading system of beef. Tell the basis of each grade in each system.

Define the following terms:

Bull:

Steer:

Bullock:

Cow:

Heifer:

Freemartin:

Heiferette:

Calf:

Dairying Option:

On another sheet of paper, tell how a cow or a goat converts forage and grain into milk. Explain the differences in feeds typically used for dairy cows versus those fed to beef cows.

Make a chart showing the components in cow's milk or goat's milk. Chart the amount of each component.

Explain the requirements for producing grade A milk. Tell how and why milk is pasteurized.

Tell about the kinds of equipment used for milking and the sanitation standards that must be met for dairy farms.

Define the following terms:

Bull:

Cow:

Steer:

Heifer:

Springer:

Buck:

Doe:

Kid:

Visit a dairy farm or milk processing plant. Describe what you saw and explain what you learned. If you cannot visit a dairy farm or processing plant, view a video from a breed or dairy association, or research the Internet (with your parent's permission) for information on dairying. Tell about your findings.

Horse Option:

Use another piece of paper to make a sketch of a useful saddle horse barn and exercise yard.

Tell about the history of the horse and the benefits it has brought to people. Using the four breeds of horses you chose in requirement 1, discuss the different special uses of each breed.

Define the following terms:

Mare:

Stallion:

Gelding:

Foal:

Colt:

Filly:

Mustang:

Quarter Horse:

Draft Horse:

Pacer:

Trotter:

Pinto:

Calico:

Palomino:

Roan:

Overo:

Tobiano:

Visit a horse farm. Describe what you saw and explain what you learned. If you cannot visit a horse farm, view a video from a breed association, or research the Internet (with your parent's permission) for information on horses. Tell about your findings.

Outline the proper feeding of a horse doing light work. Explain why the amount and kind of feed will change according to the kind of horse and the work it does.

Describe what colic is, what can cause it, and its symptoms.

Sheep Option:

Use another piece of paper to make a sketch of a live lamb. Show the location of various wholesale and retail cuts.

Discuss how wools are sorted and graded.

Do ONE of the following:

Option 1: Raise a lamb from weaning to market weight. Keep records of feed intake, weight gains, medication, vaccination, and mortality. Present your records for review by your counselor.

Option 2: Visit a farm or ranch where sheep are raised. Describe what you saw and explain what you learned. If you cannot visit a sheep farm or ranch, view a video from a breed association, or research the Internet (with your parent's permission) for information on sheep. Tell about your findings.

Describe some differences between the production of purebred and commercial lambs. Then select two breeds that would be appropriate for the production of crossbred market lambs in your region. Identify which breed the ram should be.

Define the following terms:

Wether:

Ewe:

Ram:

Lamb:

Hog Option:

Make a sketch showing the principal wholesale and retail cuts of pork. Tell about the recommended USDA grades of pork. Tell the basis for each grade.

On another piece of paper, outline in writing the proper feeding programs used from the breeding of a gilt or sow through the weaning of the litter. Discuss the growth and finishing periods from the breeding of a gilt or sow through the weaning of the litter. Discuss feeding programs for the growth and finishing periods.

Do ONE of the following:

Option 1: Raise a feeder pig from weaning to market weight. Keep records of feed intake, weight gains, medication, vaccination, and mortality. Present your records for review by your counselor.

Option 2: Visit a farm where hogs are produced, or visit a packing plant handling hogs. Describe what you saw and explain what you learned.

Define the following terms:

Gilt:

Sow:

Barrow:

Boar:

Avian Option:

Make a sketch of a layer house or broiler house showing nests, roosts, feeders, waterers, and means of ventilation. Explain how insulation, ventilation, temperature controls, automatic lights, and other environmental controls are used to protect birds from heat, cold, and bad weather.

Explain why overcrowding is dangerous for poultry flocks.

Tell about the grading of eggs.

Tell how broilers (fryers) are graded.

Describe the classes of chicken meat.

Do ONE of the following:

Option 1: Manage an egg-producing flock for five months. Keep records of feed purchased, eggs sold, medication, vaccination, and mortality. Present your records for review by your counselor.

Option 2: Raise 20 chicks from hatching. Keep records of feed intake, weight gains, medication, vaccination, and mortality. Present your records for review by your counselor.

Option 3: Visit a commercial avian production facility. Describe what you saw and explain what you learned. If you cannot visit a commercial facility, view a video from a poultry association, or research the Internet (with your parent's permission) for information on poultry production. Tell about your findings.

Define the following terms:

Hen:
Rooster:
Chick:
Capon:
Tom:
Poult:

Requirement 7

Initial

Find out about three career opportunities in animal science. Pick one and find out the education, training, and experience required for this profession. Discuss this with your counselor, and explain why this profession might interest you.

Career:

Education:

Training:

Experience:

Why might this profession interest you?

Merit badge worksheets will not be accepted at the Council Office in place of the official Merit Badge Application Card. Those who do not complete all the requirements should take their partially completed merit badge worksheet and their official application card to their local merit badge counselors for completion.

Chart for Requirement 2

HORSES			
Disease	Symptoms	How it is contracted	Prevention
DAIRY CATTLE			
Disease	Symptoms	How it is contracted	Prevention
BEEF CATTLE			
Disease	Symptoms	How it is contracted	Prevention
SHEEP			
Disease	Symptoms	How it is contracted	Prevention
HOGS			
Disease	Symptoms	How it is contracted	Prevention

POULTRY

Disease	Symptoms	How it is contracted	Prevention